

# Giornate AIEOP

**RIMINI**

Hotel Savoia

13-14 aprile 2026

## TUMORI DEL RENE

*Filippo Spreafico*

IRCCS Istituto Giannina Gaslini, Genova

I have no conflict of interest or competing interest to declare

Aggiornamento SIOP Umbrella

Quesiti di ricerca nei tumori renali

Nuovo paradigma terapeutico nel Wilms

*Governance* SIOP RTSG

# UMBRELLA: enrolment as per recruiting national/regional sites (as of the 2<sup>nd</sup> of March)

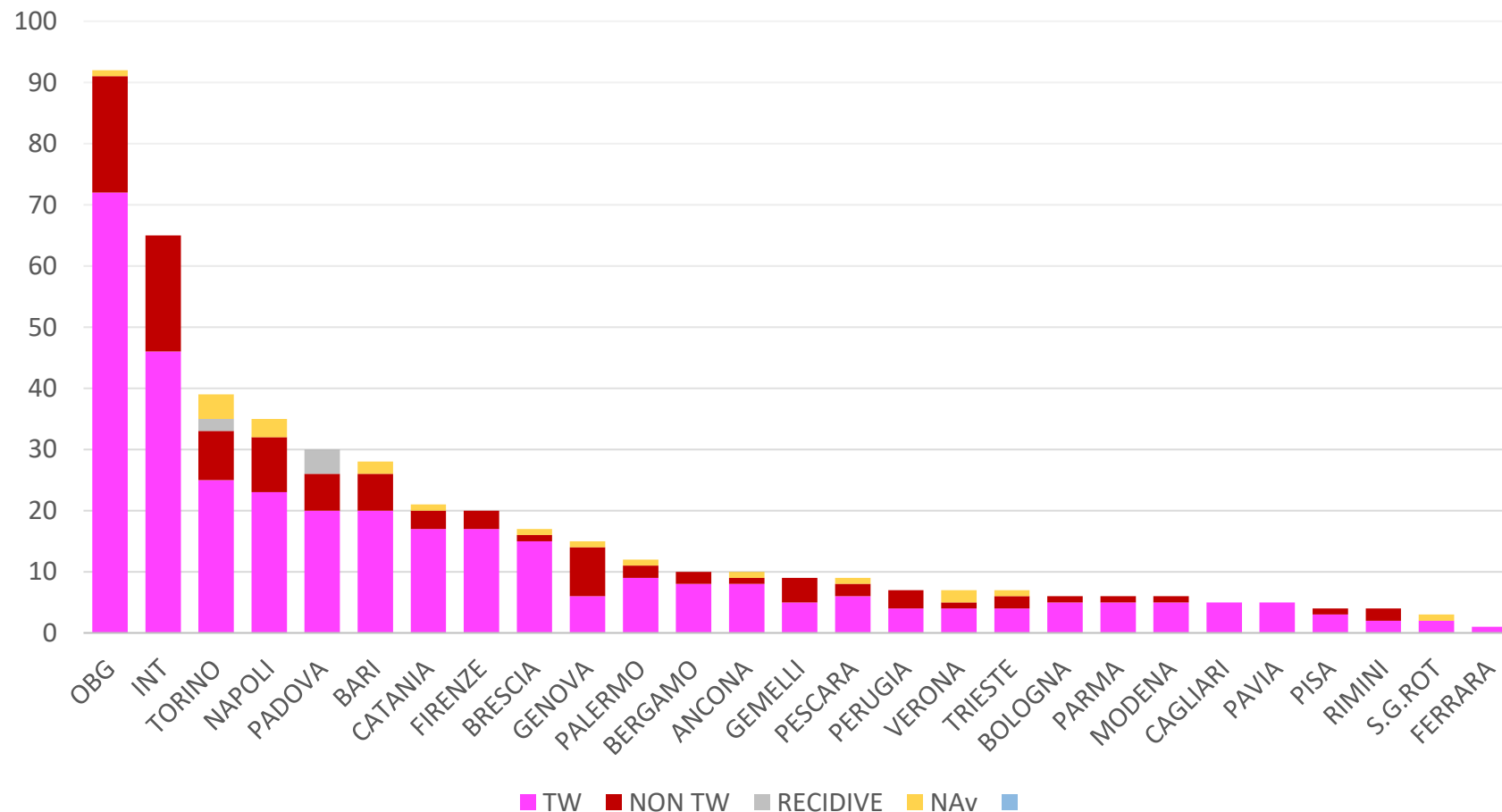


	AR	AT	BE	BR	CZ	HR	DK	FR	GR	DE	HK	HU	IT	JP	LV	LT	NL	NO	PE	PL	SG	SK	SI	ES	SE	CH	UK	SA	CN-01	CN-02	RU-01	RU-02	Grand Total	
2019				18				2	6				30				17							15			13		10					111
2020			4	117			12	73	11			5	61				28	7						38		11	66		7	14	5	10	469	
2021		2	17	151			4	111	17	4		10	76				28	8		8	5			39		17	95		26	46	29	29	722	
2022	8	0	18	144	12		10	100	15	77		6	81				31	13		1	4		3	44		15	95		8	35	30	37	787	
2023	8	1	16	163	6		11	104	21	100	1	13	81	22	5		30	5		64	2	13	0	37	2	20	96		21	38	17	7	904	
2024	26	20	15	151	17		18	100	10	81	1	7	53	30	3		22	14	3	32	2	10	3	45	16	9	66		17	36	9	9	825	
Jan-25	4	0	0	13	2		2	12	0	7	0	0	5	8	0	1	2	0	0	7	0	0	0	6	1	2	12		0	1	0	0	85	
Feb-25	3	3	3	10	1		0	6	0	4	0	1	6	0	0	0	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	3	9		1	2	0	0	61	
Mar-25	1	0	3	15	1	1	0	10	0	7	0	0	9	2	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	4		3	5	1	0	72	
Apr-25	0	2	0	0	5	1	2	11	1	3	0	2	4	0	1	1	2	1	1	4	0	1	0	2	2	1	5		0	2	0	0	54	
May-25	4	0	0	14	2	2	0	12	3	7	1	4	6	6	0	0	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	3	0	2	7		8	3	0	0	91	
Jun-25	1	0	2	0	2	0	0	7	0	5	0	4	5	0	0	0	2	1	0	3	0	1	0	4	0	2	5		2	0	4	0	50	
Jul-25	4	2	1	15	1	0	0	2	0	3	1	1	7	3	0	0	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	1	7	2	0	1	1	0	59	
Aug-25	1	0	1	20	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	3	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	6	1	0	4	0	0	61	
Sep-25	5	2	1	0	1	0	3	8	1	8	0	0	7	0	1	0	3	1	0	3	0	1	0	5	1	2	7	1	0	1	0	0	62	
Oct-25	0	0	1	19	1	0	1	10	2	12	0	1	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	66	
Nov-25	1	0	1	11	1	0	0	7	0	5	0	1	6	12	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	2	5	1	2	4	0	0	67	
Dec-25	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	10	0	4	1	1	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	4	0	1	3	1	0	39	
<b>2025 Total</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>767</b>	
Jan-26	3	2	1	16	0	0	1	6	1	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	6	0	0	2	0	1	0	5	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	65	
Feb-26	4	2	2	25	0	0	0	4	0	6	0	2	7	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	2	6	0	0	1	0	0	71	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>4721</b>	



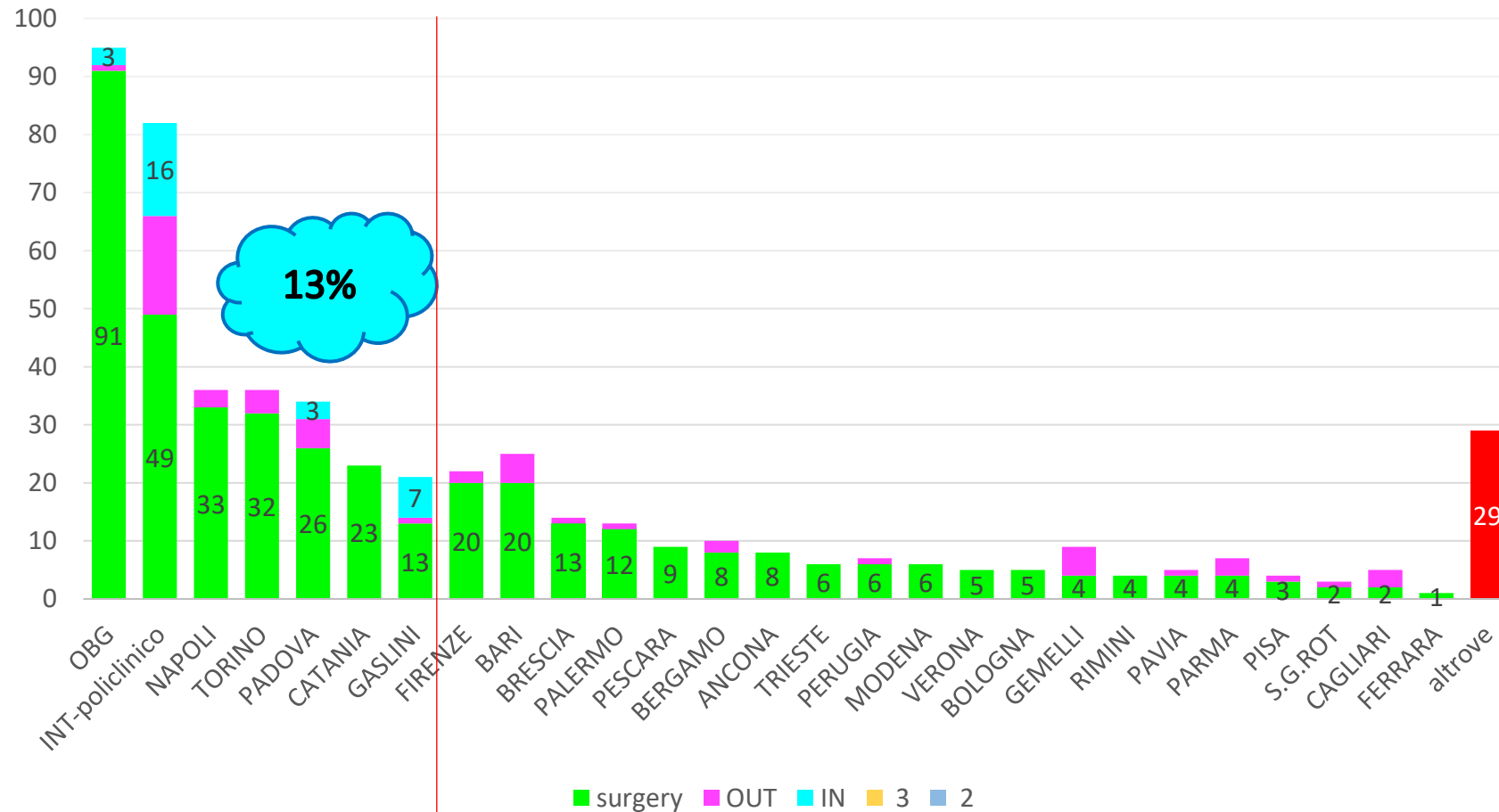
**Total enrollment = 4721**

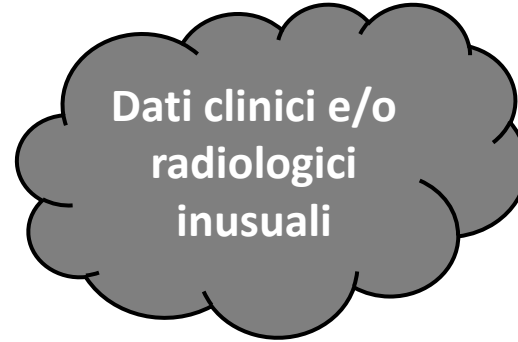
# 471 CASI AIEOP IN UMBRELLA



# Chirurgia nei centri AIEOP (437)

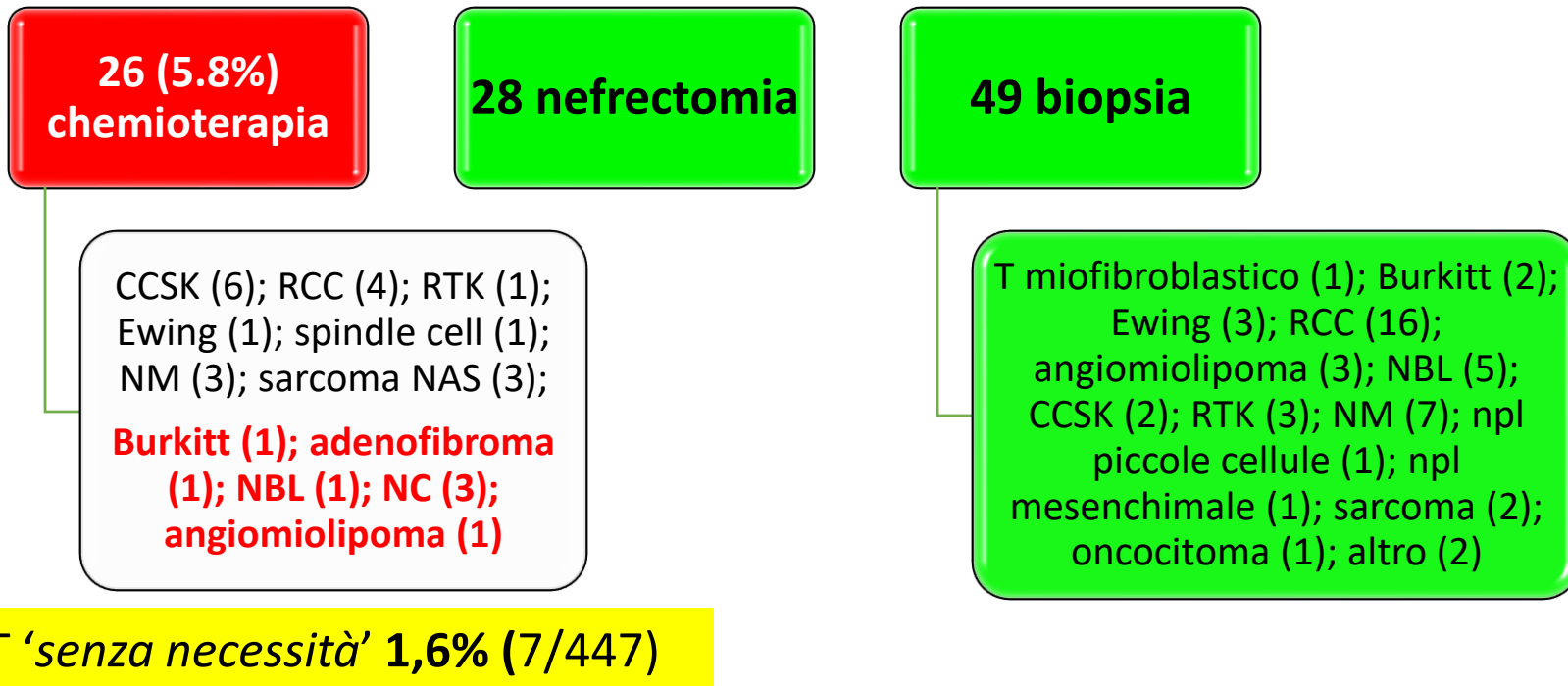
## *migrazione*





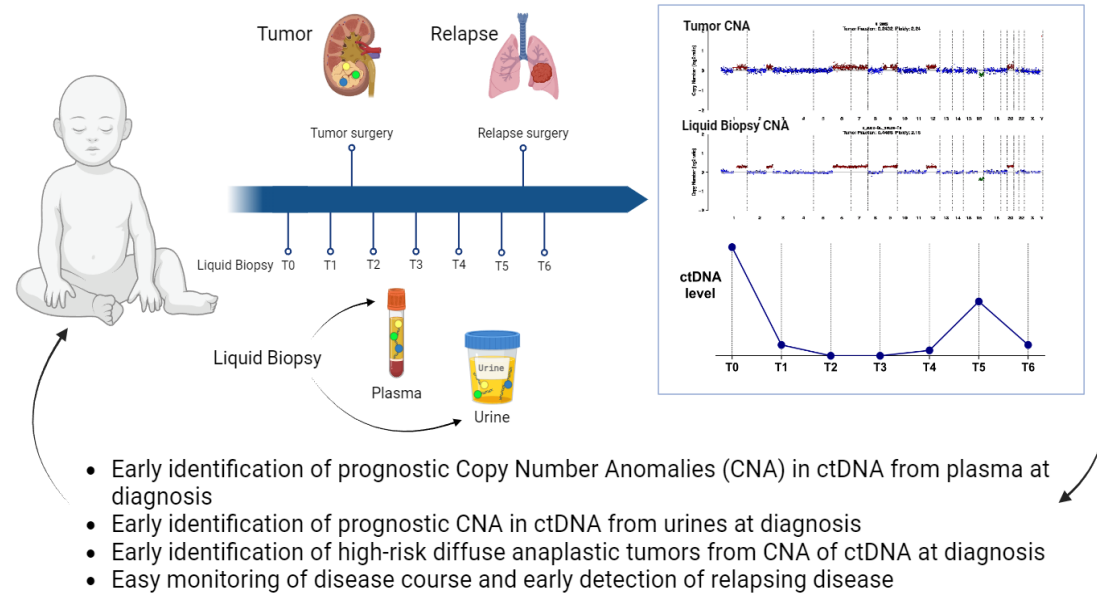
su 447\* casi, **29%** fa **biopsia** (128 si/318 no)

# Initial approach to 103 non-Wilms after Central Imaging Review



# (Epi)Genetic alterations in circulating tumor DNA

Graphical Abstract

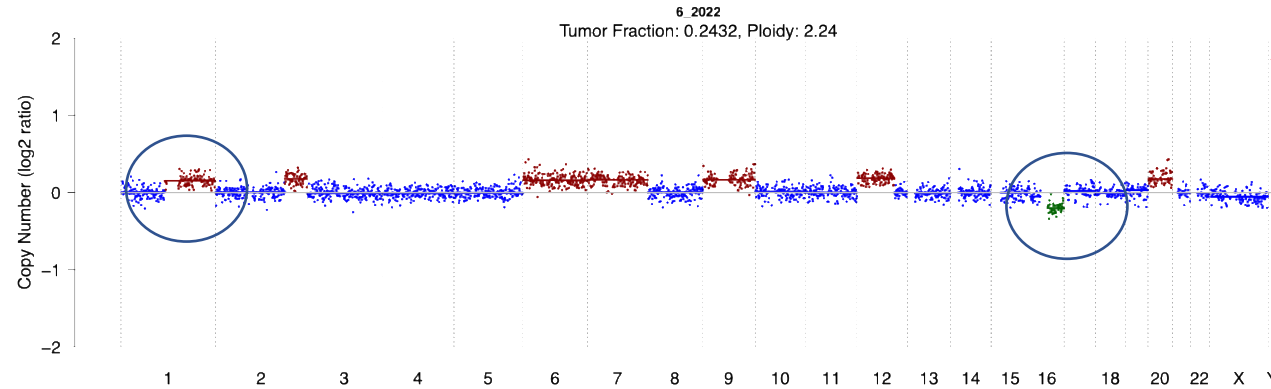


## Collabs.

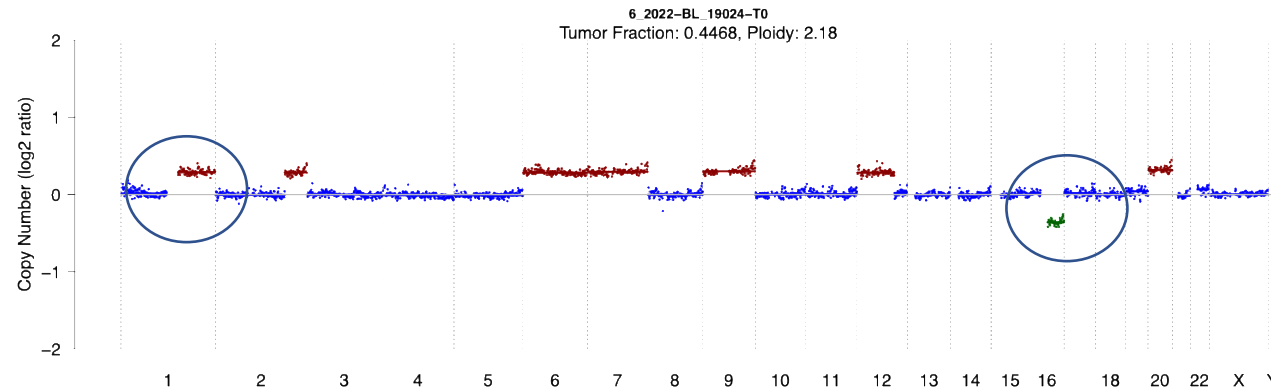
- Shallow WG Seq (INT)
- Metilation (INT)
- miRNA (OPBG)
- Digital PCR (Gaslini)

# Ipotesi: ctDNA e tumore hanno identiche CNAs

TUMORE PRIMITIVO  
+1 mese



ctDNA (esordio)

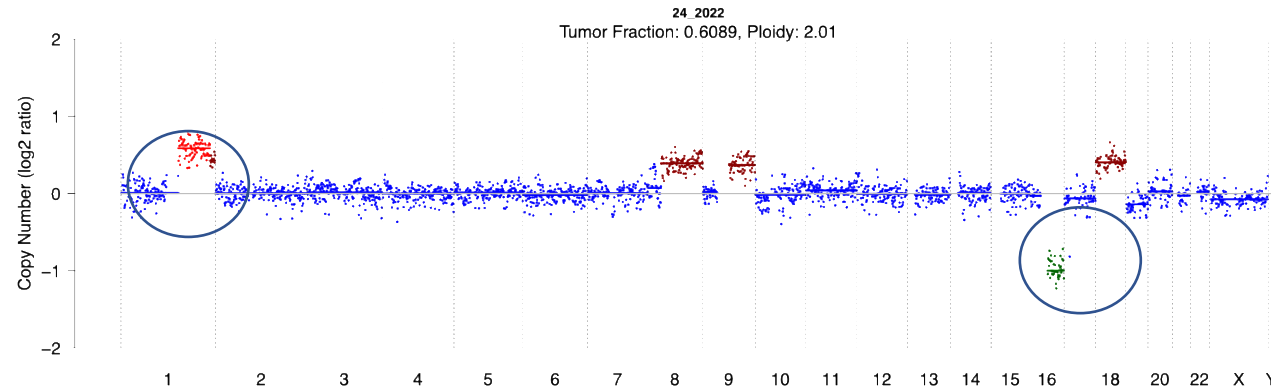


**1q gain**

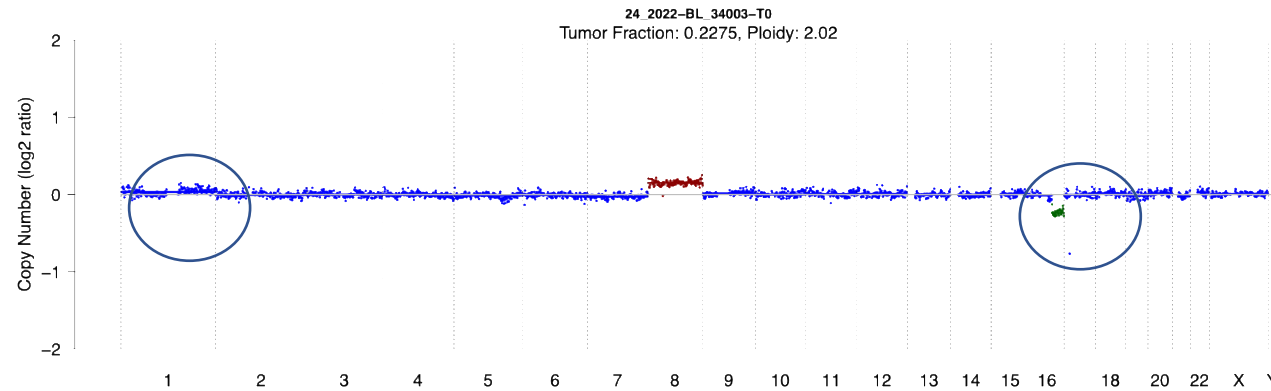
**17p loss**

# ctDNA ha meno CNAs del tumore

TUMORE PRIMITIVO  
+1 mese



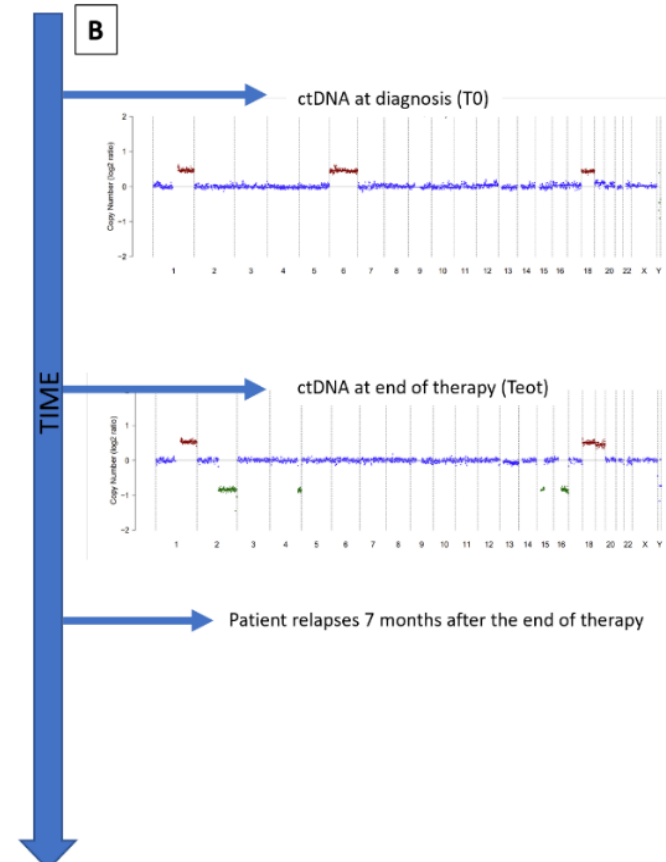
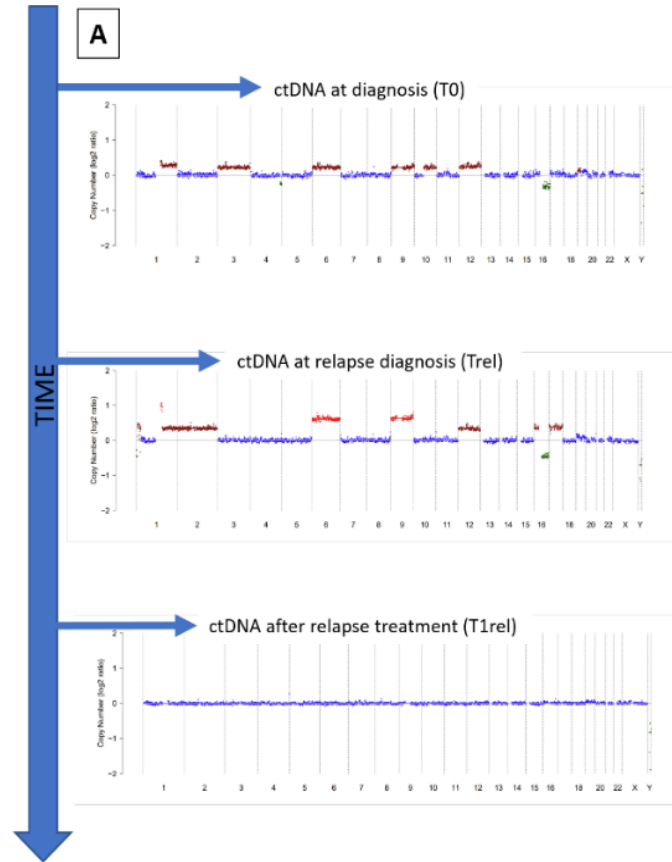
ctDNA (esordio)



**1q gain**

**17p loss**

# Minimal Residual Disease monitoring



Early 1q gain/16q loss detection in liquid biopsy

# Wilms tumor genetic predisposition

*WT1* pathogenic germline variants in 8-14% of all pts with WT

30%\*

Unbiased cancer predisposition screening

>25 geni predisponenti TW

Recognizable phenotypes

germline *WT1* heterozygous pathogenic variants without additional or with only subtle

11p15 locus

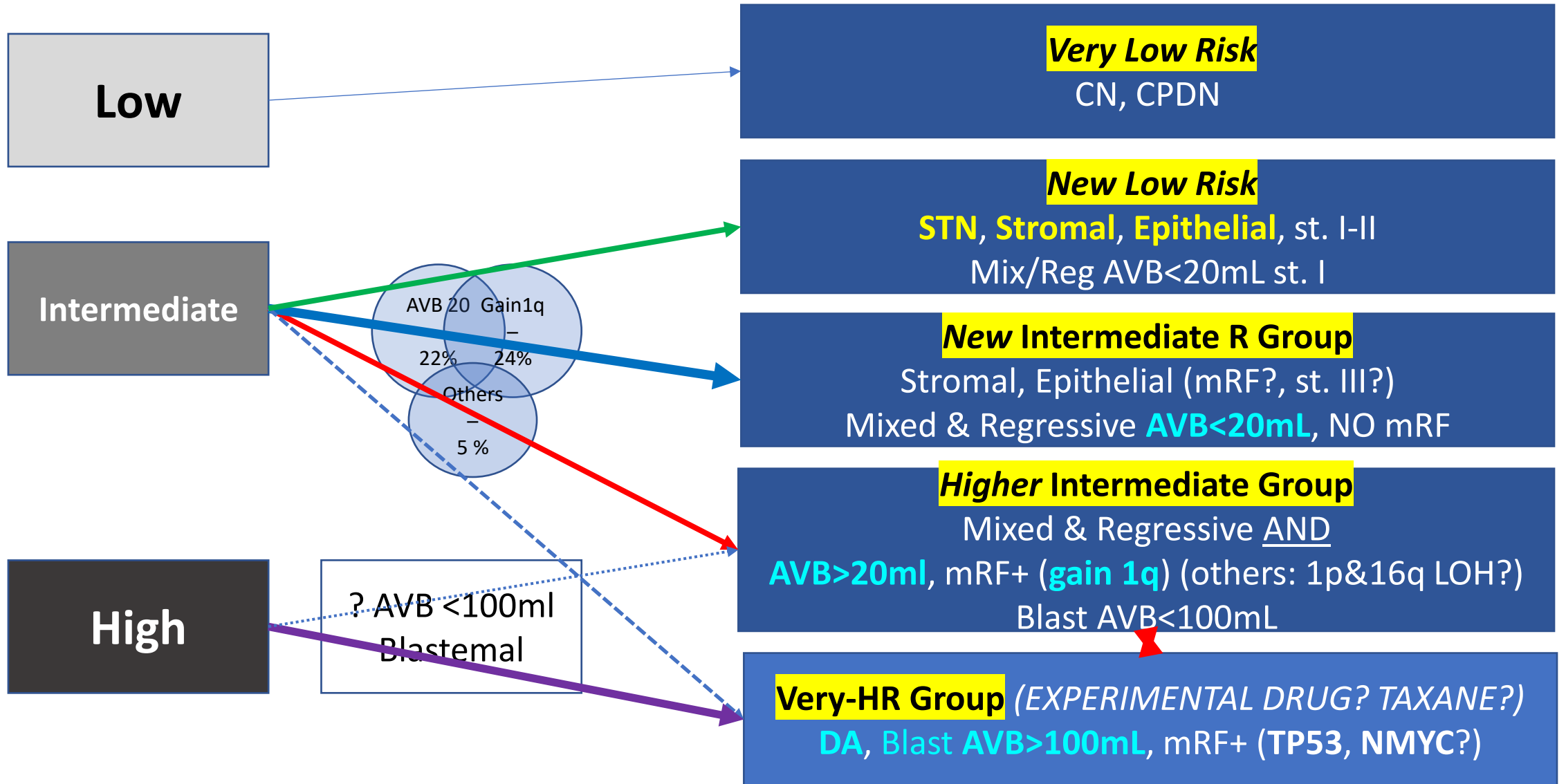
# ***Wilms tumor genetic predisposition***

variant-specific approach to treatment?<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Treger et al. *Cancer Discov* 2025

<sup>2</sup>Spreafico et al. *Pediatr Nephrol* 2024

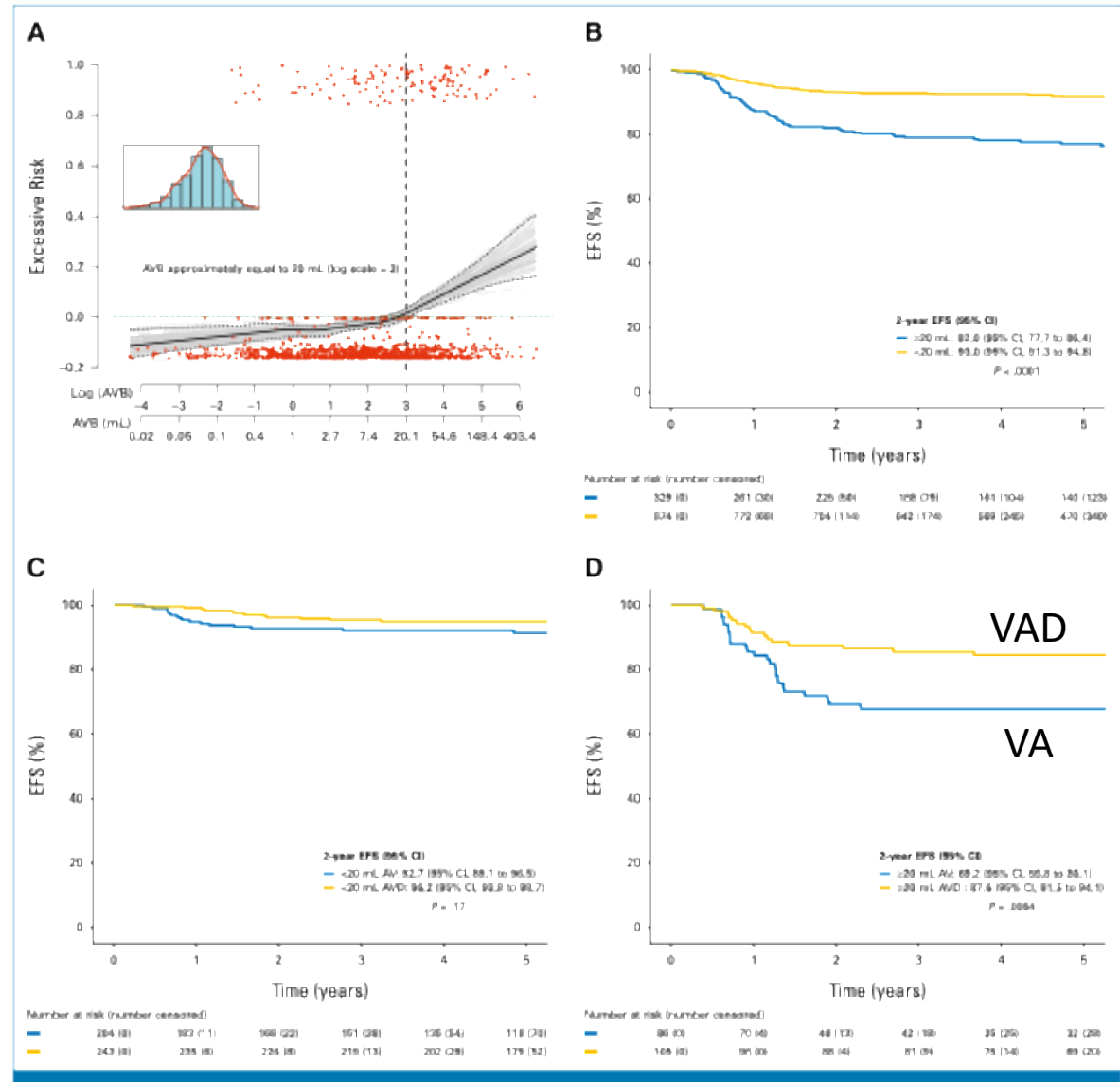
# Introducing Absolute Volume Blastema (AVB) & molecular markers (mRF)



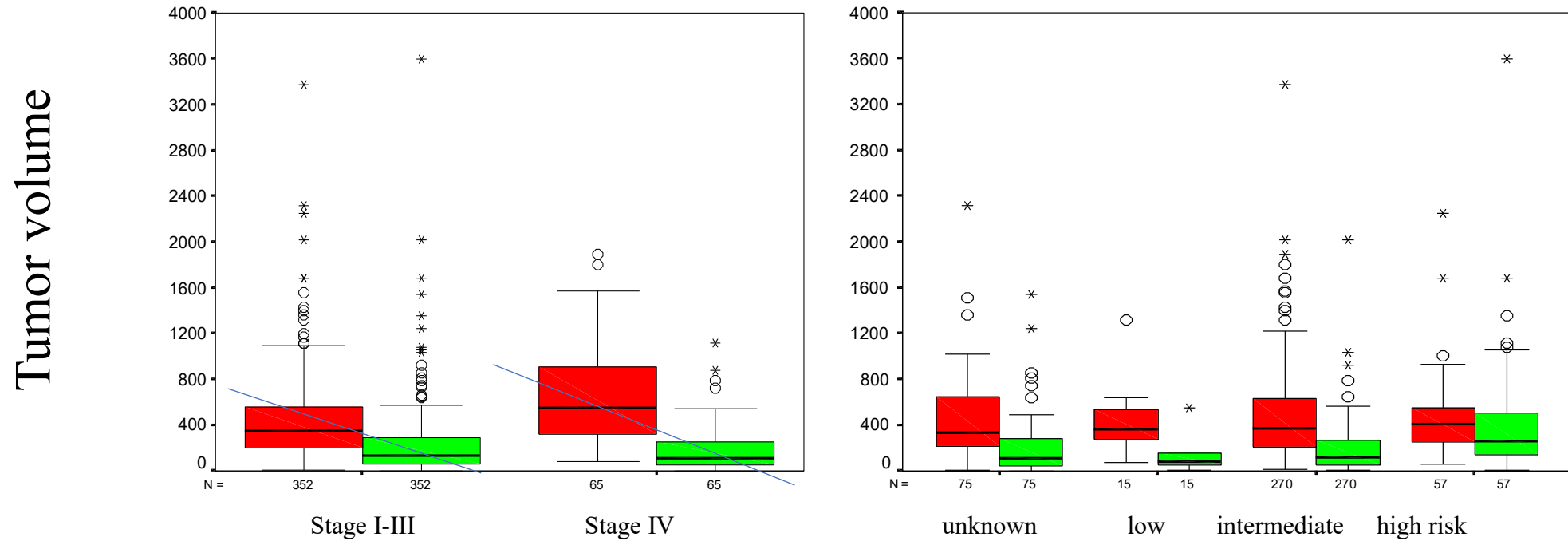
# Residual Absolute Volume of Blastema as a Predictor of Clinical Outcomes in Patients With Wilms Tumor: A Report From the SIOP WT 2001 Study

## Localized, intermediate risk WT

B) EFS applying the 20 ml ABV threshold  
 D) Post hoc EFS st II-III >20mL, according to AV vs AVD



# Tumor volume & doxorubicin



Unpublished obs, SIOP

# Long-term adverse effects of modern Wilms tumour therapies: implications for monitoring

Filippo Spreafico<sup>1</sup>, Giovanna Gattuso<sup>2</sup>, Marta G. Podda<sup>2</sup>, Olga Nigro<sup>2</sup>, Valeria Colombo<sup>2</sup>, Sabina Vennarini<sup>2</sup>, Antonio Mastrangelo<sup>4</sup>, Francesca Filippi<sup>3</sup>, Giovanni Montini<sup>3,4</sup>, Maura Massimo<sup>2</sup> & Monica Terenziani<sup>2</sup>

## Class 1. Low risk

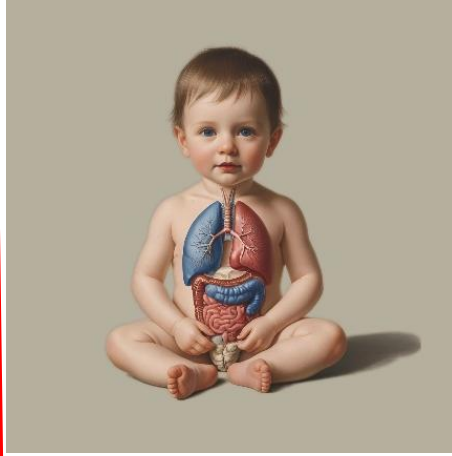


*Vincristin, dactinomycin, nephrectomy*

KIDNEY IMPAIRMENT

BOWEL DISORDERS

## Class 2. Moderate risk



*Doxorubicin <250 mg/m<sup>2</sup>; carboplatin; etoposide; (± abdominal radiotherapy)*

KIDNEY IMPAIRMENT

BOWEL DISORDERS

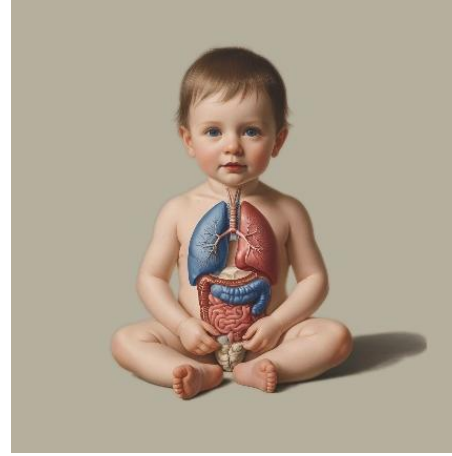
CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE

SECOND MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS

ENDOCRINE & METABOLIC DISORDERS

MUSCULOSKELETAL ABNORMALITIES

## Class 3. High risk



*Doxorubicin >250 mg/m<sup>2</sup>; CED >6,000 mg/m<sup>2</sup> (F); CED >4,000 mg/m<sup>2</sup> (M); myeloablative-dose chemotherapy; abdominal e/o lung radiotherapy*

KIDNEY IMPAIRMENT

BOWEL DISORDERS

CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE

SECOND MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS

ENDOCRINE & METABOLIC DISORDERS

MUSCULOSKELETAL ABNORMALITIES

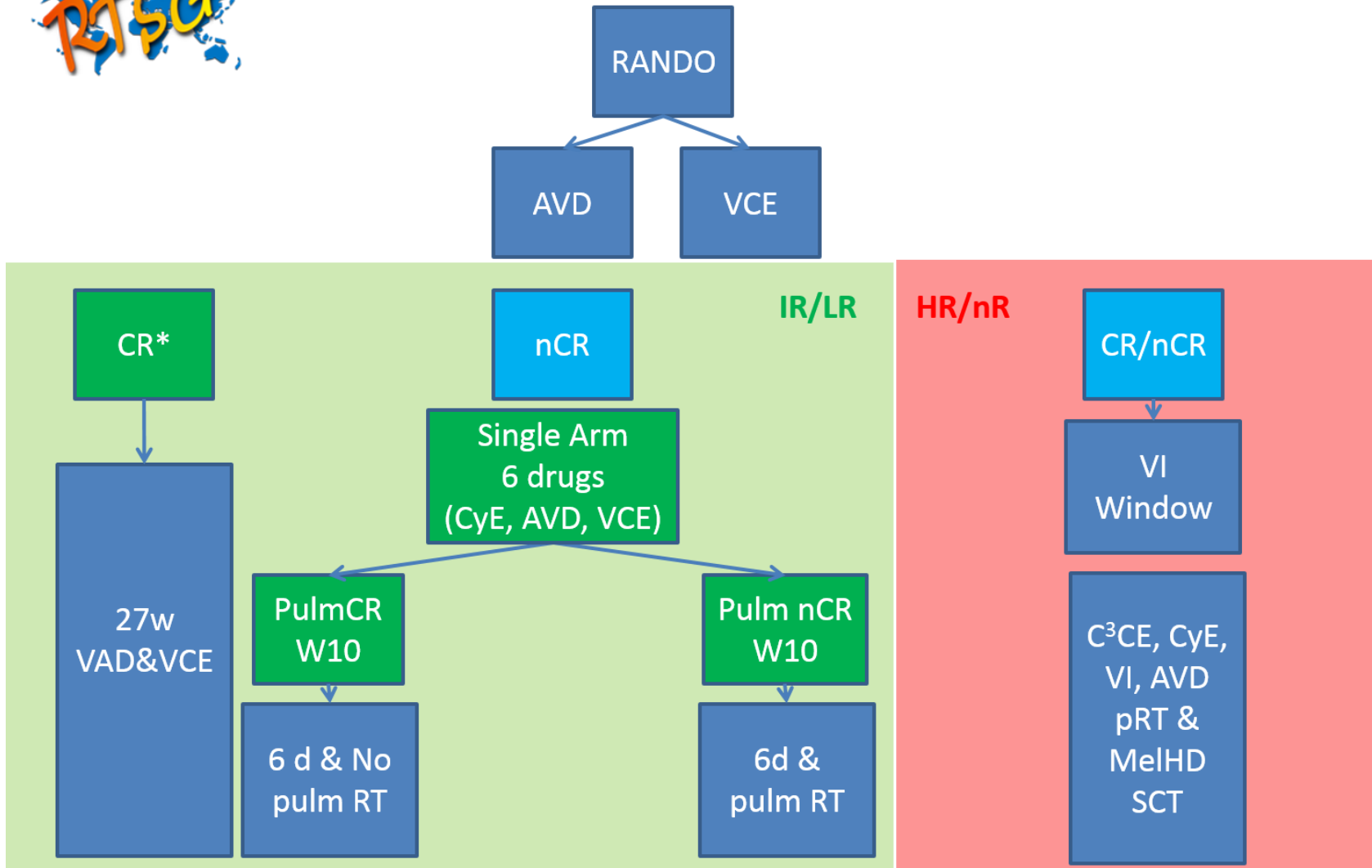
PULMONARY DISORDERS

GONADAL TOXICITY

GENERAL HEALTH ISSUES



# SIOP Stage IV RCT Version 1.1 Overview Plan



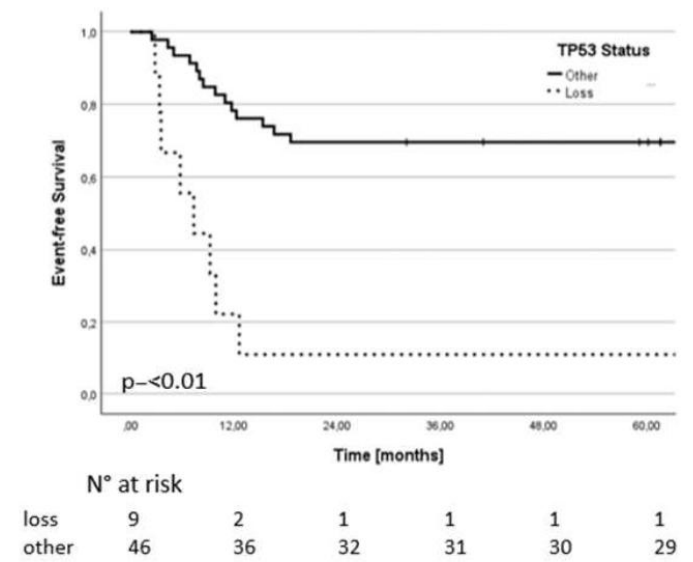
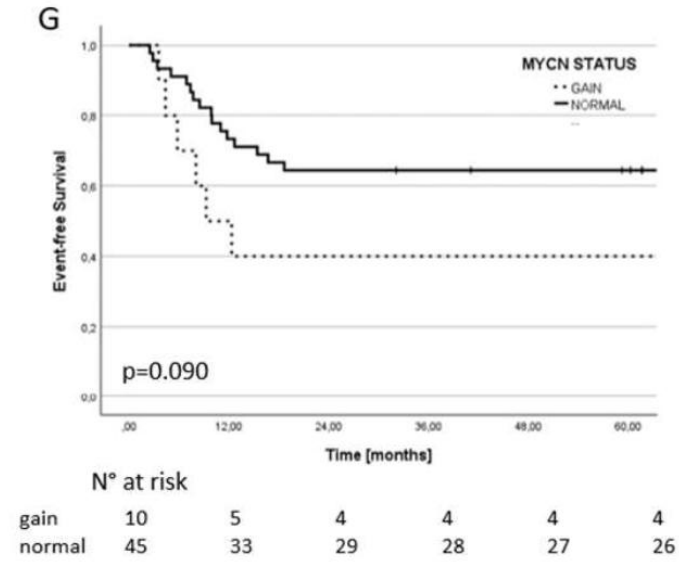
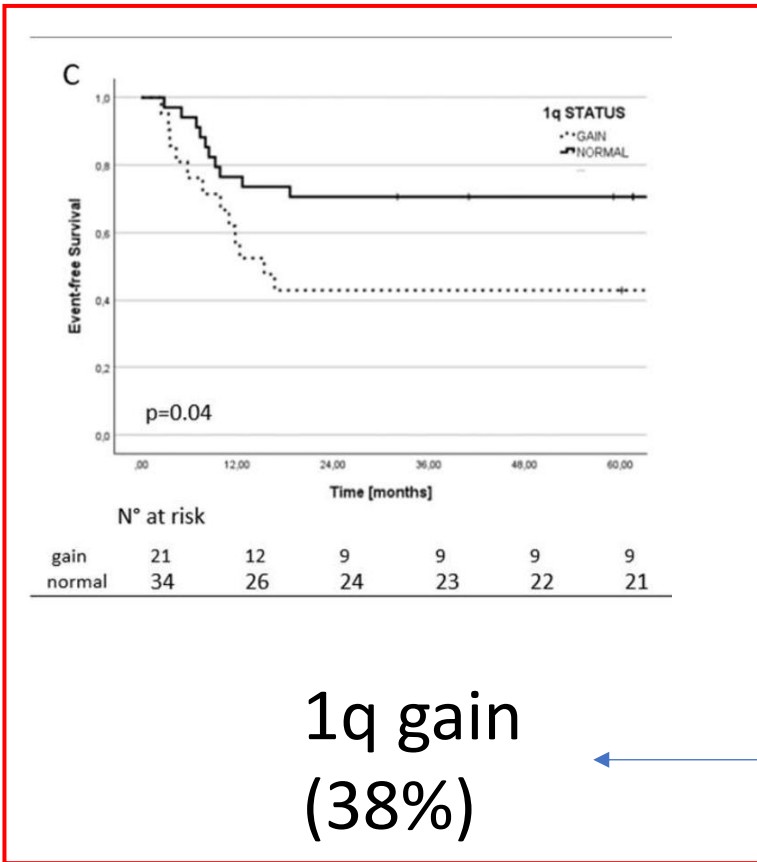
**\*if CR was achieved by surgery:**  
 Only if feasible in a timely fashion  
 all others proceed to intensification

# AIEOP participating centers

Sites	Principal Investigator
OPBG – Roma (NCC)	Dr. A Serra
Torino	Prof. F Fagioli
Milano	Dr. M Podda
Padova	Prof. G Bisogno
Bari	Dr. F De Leonardis
Catania	Dr. A Di Cataldo
(Genova)	Dr. F Spreafico

# Adverse molecular *signatures*

How to target *MYCN* and *TP53* loss??

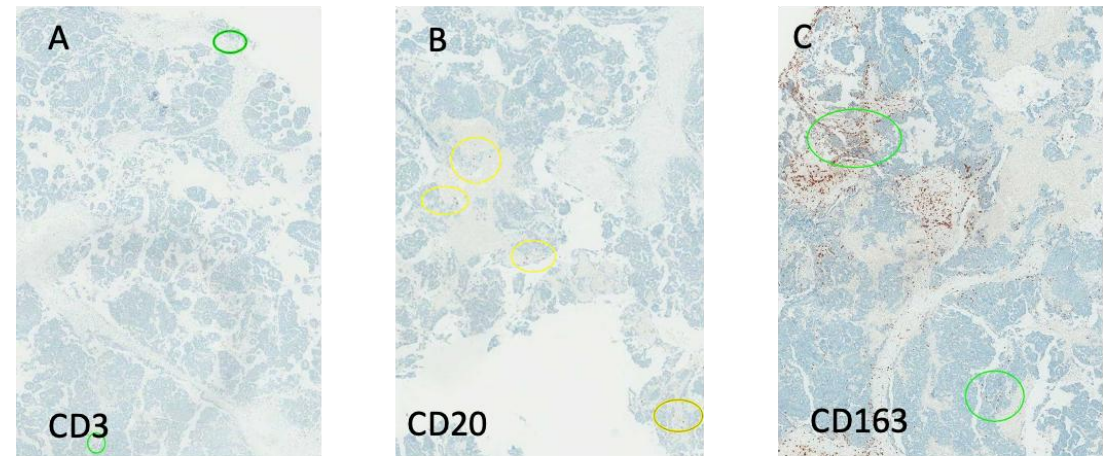


Welter et al. 2025

Williams et al. 2015

# Immunotherapy potential, CHALLENGES

- Few immunogenic targets
- More immunosuppressive & inflammatory TME
- Low check-point expression
- Low mutational burden
- higher levels of neoantigens include *TP53*-mutated WTs
- High B7-H3, GP3 in DA/blastemal



Infiltrato immune (IHC) in WT relapse (AIEOP, P Collini)

# SIOP RTSG Association

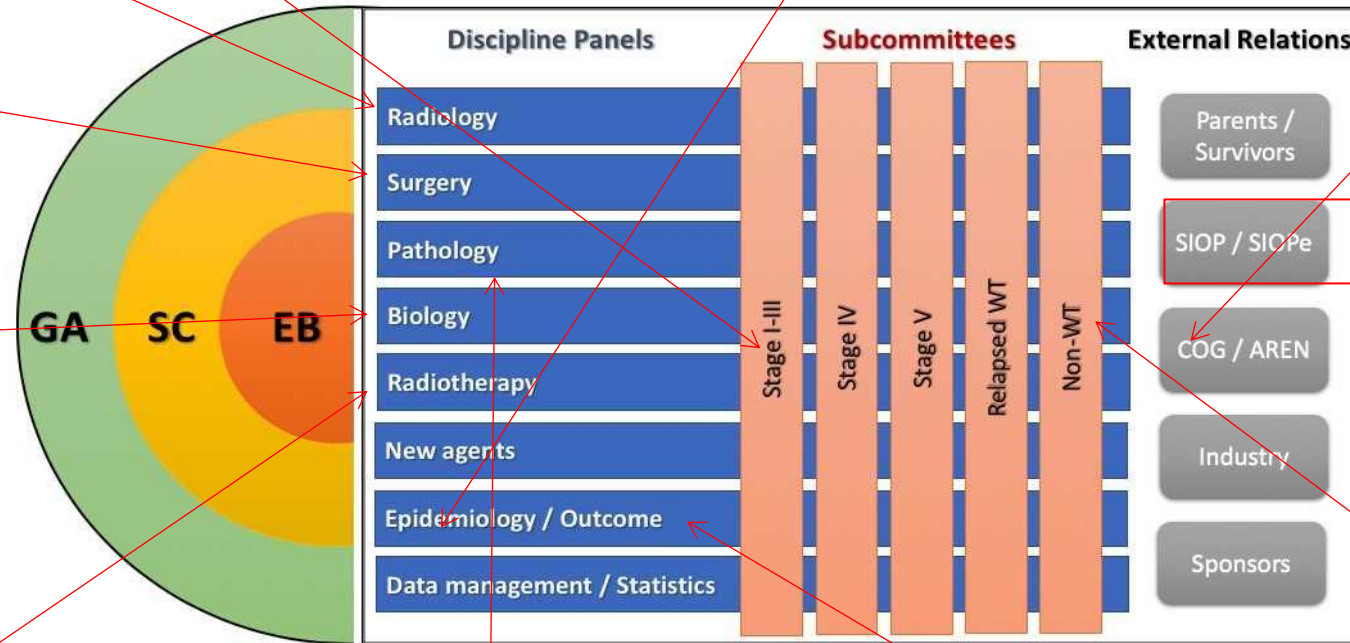
**vice-Chair elected: F. Spreafico**

F Spreafico  
D Perotti

A Serra  
*(vice-chair)*

C Morosi

D BIASONI  
A Crocoli



**Young Investigators**

A Tagarelli

D Perotti  
*(Chair)*

P Quarello  
*(co-vice-chair)*

S Vennarini

P Collini  
F Diomedi Camassei

M Terenziani (PANCARE)

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# GDL AIEOP Tumori del Rene

A Di Cataldo (CT)

G Gattuso (MI)

F Melchionda (BO)

P Quarello (TO)

A Serra (Roma)

F Spreafico (GE)

A Tagarelli (TO)

A Guarina (PA, *Discovery*)

## Consulenti

- P Collini (anat Patologica)
- A Crocoli (chirurgia)
- C Morosi (radiologia)
- D Perotti (Biologia)

## Collaboratori

- D BIASONI (chirurgia)
- F Diomedi Camassei (anat Patologica)
- S Vennarini (radioterapia)
- P D'Angelo (oncologia)

# Long-term adverse effects of modern Wilms tumour therapies: implications for monitoring

Filippo Spreafico<sup>1</sup>, Giovanna Gattuso<sup>1</sup>, Marta G. Podda<sup>2</sup>, Olga Nigro<sup>2</sup>, Valeria Colombo<sup>2</sup>, Sabina Vennarini<sup>1</sup>, Antonio Mastrangelo<sup>1</sup>, Francesca Filippi<sup>3</sup>, Giovanni Montini<sup>4</sup>, Maura Massimino<sup>2</sup> & Monica Terenziani<sup>2</sup>

## Table 7 | Recommended lifelong kidney surveillance by risk class

Risk of kidney impairment	Class	Specific risk factor <sup>a</sup>	Setting	Kidney ultrasonography <sup>b</sup>	Proteinuria by urinalysis <sup>c</sup>	Office blood pressure	S-creatinine and/or eGFR; seycstatin C	Serum electrolytes and bicarbonates <sup>d</sup>
Low	Class 1 <sup>e</sup>	Nephrectomy	Paediatric oncology or general paediatrician or general practitioner	At entry into long-term follow-up monitoring, then every 2–5 years	Yearly	Yearly	Every 2–3 years (more frequently if clinically indicated)	None (if previously normal)
Medium	Class 2 <sup>e</sup> , Class 3 <sup>e</sup>	Nephrectomy and at least one of the following: abdominal radiotherapy exposing the remaining kidney; ifosfamide; carboplatin	Paediatric nephrologist or paediatric nephrology unit	At entry into long-term follow-up monitoring, then every 2 years	Yearly	Yearly	Yearly	Once at entry into long-term follow-up monitoring, then if clinically indicated
High	WT1 pathogenetic variants <sup>6a</sup> (any Classes <sup>e</sup> )	WT1 mutation; genitourinary anomalies; proteinuric nephropathy; reduced nephron mass following bilateral NSS	Paediatric nephrology unit	According to kidney function and clinical data	According to kidney function and clinical data	According to kidney function and clinical data	According to kidney function and clinical data	According to kidney function and clinical data

Based on the proposed classification, using information from consensus guidelines for the management of congenital solitary kidney<sup>12</sup>. eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; NSS, nephron-sparing surgery. <sup>a</sup>Note that additional risk factors may be related to survivor lifestyle or health conditions (for example, overweight, high-salt diet and glucose intolerance) or related to the tumour (for example, stromal predominance, presence of intralobar nephrogenic rests<sup>13</sup> or tumour location in the kidney hilum<sup>14</sup>). <sup>b</sup>With measurement of kidney length or size. <sup>c</sup>If proteinuria is detected, quantification by urine protein-to-creatinine ratio should be performed in the second morning urine sample. Normal values are <0.5 mg/mg until 2 years of age, and <0.2 mg/mg thereafter. <sup>d</sup>For monitoring tubular dysfunction, indicated in patients treated with ifosfamide. <sup>e</sup>Refer to the text for the risk classification of Wilms tumour survivors categorized into classes 1, 2 and 3, respectively (Box 3).